#### 110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 1625

To protect against the unauthorized installation of computer software, to require clear disclosure to computer users of certain computer software features that may pose a threat to user privacy, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 14, 2007

Mr. PRYOR (for himself, Mr. Nelson of Florida, and Mrs. Boxer) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

## A BILL

- To protect against the unauthorized installation of computer software, to require clear disclosure to computer users of certain computer software features that may pose a threat to user privacy, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Counter Spy Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 2. Federal Trade Commission authority to combat deceptive acts or practices relating to spyware.
- Sec. 3. Prohibited behaviors.
- Sec. 4. Installing personal information collection features on a user's computer.
- Sec. 5. Adware that conceals its operation.
- Sec. 6. Limitations on liability.
- Sec. 7. FTC administration and enforcement.
- Sec. 8. Enforcement by other agencies.
- Sec. 9. State enforcement.
- Sec. 10. Other enforcement.
- Sec. 11. Effect on other laws.
- Sec. 12. Definitions.
- Sec. 13. Criminal penalties for certain unauthorized activities relating to computers.
- Sec. 14. Effective date.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION AUTHORITY TO COM-

- 2 BAT DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES RELAT-
- 3 ING TO SPYWARE.
- 4 (a) In General.—It is a violation of section 5 of
- 5 the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45) to in-
- 6 stall through unfair or deceptive acts or practices software
- 7 on protected computers.
- 8 (b) Rule of Construction.—This Act shall not be
- 9 construed to limit in any way what is an unfair or decep-
- 10 tive act or practice under the Federal Trade Commission
- 11 Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
- 12 SEC. 3. PROHIBITED BEHAVIORS.
- 13 It is unlawful for a person who is not an authorized
- 14 user of a protected computer to cause the installation on
- 15 that computer of software that—
- 16 (1) takes control of the protected computer
- 17 by—

1	(A) Zombies.—Transmitting or relaying
2	commercial electronic mail or a computer virus
3	from a protected computer if the transmission
4	or relaying is initiated by a person other than
5	an authorized user and without the authoriza-
6	tion of an authorized user;
7	(B) Modem Hijacking.—Accessing or
8	using the modem or Internet service of an au-
9	thorized user of a protected computer for the
10	purpose of—
11	(i) causing damage to the protected
12	computer; or
13	(ii) causing the authorized user to
14	incur financial charges for a service that is
15	not authorized by that authorized user;
16	(C) Denial of Service attacks.—Using
17	a protected computer as part of an activity per-
18	formed by a group of computers for the purpose
19	of causing damage, including launching a denial
20	of service attack; or
21	(D) ENDLESS LOOP POP-UP ADVERTISE-
22	MENTS.—Opening multiple, sequential, stand-
23	alone advertisements in an authorized user's
24	protected computer without the authorization of

that user and with knowledge that a reasonable

1	computer user cannot close the advertisements
2	without turning off the computer or forcing an
3	application to close using means other than the
4	ordinary means for closing the application, ex-
5	cept that this subparagraph does not apply to
6	communications—
7	(i) originated by the computer's oper-
8	ating system;
9	(ii) originated by software that the
10	user knowingly chooses to activate;
11	(iii) originated by a service provider
12	that the user chooses to use; or
13	(iv) presented for any of the purposes
14	described in section 6;
15	(2) modifies—
16	(A) Enabling identity theft.—An au-
17	thorized user's security or other settings related
18	to access to, or use of, the Internet on a pro-
19	tected computer that protect information about
20	the authorized user for the purpose of stealing
21	the authorized user's sensitive personal infor-
22	mation; or
23	(B) DISABLING SECURITY.—The security
24	settings of a protected computer for the pur-

1	pose of causing damage to that computer or an-
2	other computer; or
3	(C) Browser settings.—Through unfair
4	or deceptive means—
5	(i) the page that appears when an au-
6	thorized user launches an Internet browser
7	or similar software program used to access
8	and navigate the Internet;
9	(ii) the default provider or Web proxy
10	the authorized user uses to access or
11	search the Internet;
12	(iii) the authorized user's list of book-
13	marks used to access Web pages; or
14	(iv) the toolbars, buttons, and other
15	functions on a user's Internet browser or
16	software used to access and navigate the
17	Internet;
18	(3) prevents, without authorization from the au-
19	thorized user, that user's reasonable efforts to block
20	the installation of, to disable, or to uninstall soft-
21	ware by unfair or deceptive means, including—
22	(A) Falsifying option to decline in-
23	STALLS.—Presenting the authorized user with
24	an option to decline installation of software
25	with knowledge that, when the option is selected

1	by the authorized user, the installation never-
2	theless proceeds; or
3	(B) Evading uninstalls by unfair or
4	DECEPTIVE MEANS.—
5	(i) falsely representing that the soft-
6	ware has been disabled;
7	(ii) requiring in an unfair or deceptive
8	manner the user to access the Internet to
9	remove the software with knowledge or
10	reckless disregard of the fact that the soft-
11	ware frequently operates in a manner that
12	prevents the user from accessing the Inter-
13	net;
14	(iii) changing the name, location or
15	other designation information of the soft-
16	ware for the purpose of preventing an au-
17	thorized user from locating the software to
18	remove it;
19	(iv) using randomized or intentionally
20	deceptive filenames, directory folders, for-
21	mats, or registry entries for the purpose of
22	avoiding detection and removal of the soft-
23	ware by an authorized user;
24	(v) causing the installation of software
25	in a particular computer directory or com-

1	puter memory for the purpose of evading
2	authorized users' attempts to remove the
3	software from the computer; or
4	(vi) requiring, without the authority of
5	the owner of the computer, that an author-
6	ized user obtain a special code or download
7	software from a third party to uninstall
8	the software.
9	SEC. 4. INSTALLING PERSONAL INFORMATION COLLEC-
10	TION FEATURES ON A USER'S COMPUTER.
11	(a) In General.—It is unlawful for a person who
12	is not an authorized user of a protected computer to cause
13	the installation on that computer of software that collects
14	sensitive personal information from an authorized user,
15	unless that person provides a clear and conspicuous disclo-
16	sure of such collection and obtains the authorized user's
17	consent prior to any such collection of information in any
18	case in which the software extracts from the hard drive
19	or other storage medium of the protected computer the
20	authorized user's—
21	(1) Social Security number;
22	(2) tax identification number;
23	(3) driver's license number;
24	(4) passport number;

1	(5) any other government-issued identification
2	number;
3	(6) financial account, credit card, or debit card
4	numbers;
5	(7) account balances, or overdraft history; or
6	(8) other sensitive personal information.
7	(b) Other Personally Identifying Informa-
8	TION.—It is unlawful for a person who is not an author-
9	ized user of a protected computer to cause the installation
10	on that computer of software that engages in any of the
11	following practices without a prior disclosure that is clear-
12	ly and conspicuously available to, or with the knowledge
13	of, the authorized user, and for a purpose unrelated to
14	any of the purposes of the software or service described
15	to an authorized user:
16	(1) The use of a keystroke-logging function that
17	records all or substantially all keystrokes made by
18	an owner or operator of a computer and transfers
19	that information from the computer to another per-
20	son.
21	(2) Collection in a manner that correlates per-
22	sonally identifying information with a history of all
23	or substantially all of the Web sites visited by an
24	owner or operator, other than Web sites operated by

the person providing such software.

1	(3) Extracting from the hard drive or other
2	storage medium of the computer—

- (A) the substantive contents of files, data, software, or other information knowingly saved or installed by the authorized user of a protected computer, exclusive of data that provide a purely technical function; or
- (B) the substantive contents of communications sent by a user of a protected computer from that computer to any other computer.
- 12 (c) EXCEPTION.—This section shall not be inter13 preted to restrict a person from causing the installation
  14 of software that collects information for the provider of
  15 an online service or website knowingly used or subscribed
  16 to by an authorized user if the information collected is
  17 used only to affect the user's experience while using the
  18 online service or website.

## (d) Uninstall Functionality.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It is unlawful for a person who is not an authorized user of a protected computer to cause the installation of software that performs any function described in subsection (a) or (b) if the software cannot subsequently be uninstalled or disabled by an authorized user through a program

removal function that is usual and customary with the computer's operating system or otherwise as clearly and conspicuously disclosed to the user.

### (2) Construction.—

- (A) AUTHORITY TO UNINSTALL.—Software that enables an authorized user of a protected computer, such as a parent, employer, or system administrator, to choose to prevent another user of the same computer from uninstalling or disabling the software shall not be considered to prevent reasonable efforts to uninstall or disable the software within the meaning of paragraph (1) if at least 1 authorized user retains the ability to uninstall or disable the software.
- (B) Rule of construction.—This subsection shall not be construed to require individual features or functions of a software program, upgrades to a previously installed software program, or software programs that were installed on a bundled basis with other software or with hardware to be capable of being uninstalled or disabled separately from such software or hardware.

## 1 SEC. 5. ADWARE THAT CONCEALS ITS OPERATION.

2	(a) In General.—It is unlawful for a person who
3	is not an authorized user of a protected computer to cause
4	the installation on that computer of software that causes
5	advertising windows to appear on the protected computer
6	regardless of whether any other non-advertising-related
7	functionality of the software or of other software installed
8	as part of a bundle with such software is—
9	(1) activated by the authorized user; or
10	(2) conspicuously active on the protected com-
11	puter unless the software complies with subsection
12	(b).
13	(b) Label Required for Certain Advertise-
14	MENTS.—Subsection (a) does not apply if—
15	(1) the software displays to the user, each time
16	the software causes an advertisement to appear, a
17	clear and conspicuous label or other reasonable
18	means of identifying to the user of the computer the
19	identity or name of the software that caused the ad-
20	vertisement to appear;
21	(2) the software was installed as part of a bun-
22	dle of software, and the software displays to the user
23	the name of a program in such bundle that the au-
24	thorized user is likely to identify as the main compo-
25	nent of the software bundle; and

- 1 (3) a clear and conspicuous hypertext link to in-
- 2 structions concerning how the user may uninstall the
- 3 software causing the advertisement to appear
- 4 through usual and customary means within the com-
- 5 puter's operating system.
- 6 (c) Exception.—Software that causes advertise-
- 7 ments to be displayed without a clear and conspicuous
- 8 label or other reasonable means of identification shall not
- 9 give rise to liability under subsection (a) if those advertise-
- 10 ments are displayed to a user of the computer only when
- 11 a user is accessing or using an Internet website or online
- 12 service—
- (1) owned or operated by the author or pub-
- lisher of the software; or
- 15 (2) the owner or operator of which has author-
- ized the author or publisher of the software to dis-
- play such advertisements to users of that website or
- service.

### 19 SEC. 6. LIMITATIONS ON LIABILITY.

- 20 (a) In General.—The restrictions imposed by sec-
- 21 tion 3, 4, and 5 of this Act do not apply to any monitoring
- 22 of, or interaction with, a subscriber's Internet or other
- 23 network connection or service, or a protected computer,
- 24 by or at the direction of a telecommunications carrier,
- 25 cable operator, computer hardware or software provider,

1	financial institution or provider of information services or
2	interactive computer service for—
3	(1) network or computer security purposes;
4	(2) diagnostics;
5	(3) technical support;
6	(4) repair;
7	(5) network management;
8	(6) authorized updates of software or system
9	firmware;
10	(7) authorized remote system management;
11	(8) authorized provision of protection for users
12	of the computer from objectionable content;
13	(9) authorized scanning for computer software
14	used in violation of sections 3, 4, or 5 for removal
15	by an authorized user; or
16	(10) detection or prevention of the unauthorized
17	use of software fraudulent or other illegal activities.
18	(b) Manufacturer's Liability for Third-Party
19	SOFTWARE.—A manufacturer or retailer of a computer
20	shall not be liable under any provision of this Act for caus-
21	ing the installation on the computer, prior to the first re-
22	tail sale and delivery of the computer, of third-party
23	branded software unless the manufacturer or retailer—

- 1 (1) uses the software to collect information 2 about a user of the computer or the use of a pro-3 tected computer by that user; or
- 4 (2) knows that the software will cause adver-5 tisements for the manufacturer or retailer to be dis-6 played to a user of the computer, or derives a finan-7 cial benefit from other advertisements displayed on 8 the computer.
- 9 (c) EXCEPTION FOR AUTHORIZED INVESTIGATIVE
  10 AGENCIES.—Nothing in this Act prohibits any lawfully
  11 authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity
  12 of a law enforcement agency of the United States, a State,
  13 or a political subdivision of a State, or of an intelligence
  14 agency of the United States.
- 15 (d) Services Provided Over MVPD Systems.— It is not a violation of this Act for a multichannel video 16 17 programming distributor (as defined in section 602(13) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 522(13))) to 18 utilize a navigation device, or interact with such a device, 19 20 or to install or use software on such a device, in connection 21 with the provision of multichannel video programming or 22 other services offered over a multichannel video program-23 ming system or the collection or disclosure of subscriber information, if the provision of such service or the collec-

tion or disclosure of such information is subject to section

1	338(i) or section 631 of the Communications Act of 1934
2	(47 U.S.C. 338(i); 551).
3	SEC. 7. FTC ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT.
4	(a) In General.—Except as provided in sections 8,
5	9, and 10, this Act shall be enforced by the Commission
6	as if a violation of this Act or of any regulation promul-
7	gated by the Commission under this Act were an unfair
8	or deceptive act or practice proscribed under section
9	18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
10	U.S.C. $57a(a)(1)(B)$ ).
11	(b) Penalties.—
12	(1) TREBLE FINE.—The penalty for a violation
13	of this Act or of any regulation promulgated by the
14	Commission under this Act may be increased by the
15	Commission to threefold the amount of penalty oth-
16	erwise applicable under section 5 of the Federal
17	Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45).
18	(2) Penalty for pattern or practice of
19	VIOLATIONS.—
20	(A) In General.—If the Commission de-
21	termines that a person has engaged in a pat-
22	tern or practice of activity that violates the pro-
23	visions of this Act, the Commission may, in its
24	discretion, seek a civil penalty for such pattern

or practice of violations in an amount, as deter-

- 1 mined by the Commission, of not more than 2 \$3,000,000 for each such violation of this Act.
- 3 (B) TREATMENT OF SINGLE ACTION OR
  4 CONDUCT.—For purposes of subparagraph (A),
  5 any single action or conduct that violates this
  6 Act with respect to multiple protected computers shall be treated as a single violation.
- 8 (c) SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF TAINTED ASSETS
  9 OF VIOLATOR.—In an enforcement action brought for a
  10 violation of this Act under section 19(b) of the Federal
  11 Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57b(b)), the Commis12 sion may petition the court to order the seizure and for13 feiture of any assets of the violator attributable to viola14 tion of this Act.
- (d) ILL-GOTTEN GAINS.—The Commission may require any person who violates this Act to disgorge any illgotten gains procured through unfair or deceptive acts or practices in violation of this Act and shall seize any such gains it has required to be disgorged.

## 20 (e) Actions by the Commission.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall pre-22 vent any person from violating this Act in the same 23 manner, by the same means, and with the same ju-24 risdiction, powers, and duties as though all applica-25 ble terms and provisions of the Federal Trade Com-

- 1 mission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were incor-2 porated into and made a part of this Act. Any entity 3 that violates any provision of this Act is subject to the penalties and entitled to the privileges and im-5 munities provided in the Federal Trade Commission 6 Act in the same manner, by the same means, and 7 with the same jurisdiction, power, and duties as 8 though all applicable terms and provisions of the 9 Federal Trade Commission Act were incorporated 10 into and made a part of this Act. 11 (2) Other authority not affected.—Noth-12 ing in this Act shall be construed to limit or affect 13 in any way the Commission's authority to bring en-14 forcement actions or take any other measure under 15 the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et 16 seq.) or any other provision of law. 17 SEC. 8. ENFORCEMENT BY OTHER AGENCIES. 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Compliance with this Act shall be 19 enforced exclusively under—
- 20 (1) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance 21 Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), in the case of—
- 22 (A) national banks, and Federal branches 23 and Federal agencies of foreign banks, and any 24 subsidiaries of such entities (except brokers, 25 dealers, persons providing insurance, invest-

ment companies, and investment advisers), by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency;

(B) member banks of the Federal Reserve System (other than national banks), branches and agencies of foreign banks (other than Federal branches, Federal agencies, and insured State branches of foreign banks), commercial lending companies owned or controlled by foreign banks, organizations operating under section 25 or 25A of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 601 and 611), and bank holding companies and their nonbank subsidiaries or affiliates (except brokers, dealers, persons providing insurance, investment companies and investment advisers), by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;

(C) banks insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (other than members of the Federal Reserve System), insured State branches of foreign banks, and any subsidiaries of such entities (except brokers, dealers, persons providing insurance, investment companies and investment advisers), by the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and

1	(D) savings associations the deposits of
2	which are insured by the Federal Deposit In-
3	surance Corporation, and any subsidiaries of
4	such savings associations (except brokers, deal-
5	ers, persons providing insurance, investment
6	companies and investment advisers), by the Di-
7	rector of the Office of Thrift Supervision;
8	(2) the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C.
9	1751 et seq.) by the Board of the National Credit
10	Union Administration Board with respect to any
11	Federal credit union and any subsidiaries of such a
12	credit union;
13	(3) the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934
14	(15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) by the Securities and Ex-
15	change Commission with respect to—
16	(A) a broker or dealer subject to that Act;
17	(B) an investment company subject to the
18	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
19	80a-1 et seq.); and
20	(C) an investment advisor subject to the
21	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
22	80b-1 et seq.);
23	(4) the Communications Act of 1934 (47
24	U.S.C. 151 et seq.) by the Federal Communications

- Commission with respect to any person subject to the provisions of that Act;
- 3 (5) part A of subtitle VII of title 49, United 4 States Code, by the Secretary of Transportation 5 with respect to any air carrier or foreign air carrier 6 subject to that part; and
- 7 (6) State insurance law, in the case of any per-8 son engaged in providing insurance, by the applica-9 ble State insurance authority of the State in which 10 the person is domiciled.
- 11 (b) Exercise of Certain Powers.—For the pur-12 pose of the exercise by any agency referred to in sub-13 section (a) of its powers under any Act referred to in that 14 subsection, a violation of this Act is deemed to be a viola-15 tion of a requirement imposed under that Act. In addition to its powers under any provision of law specifically re-16 ferred to in subsection (a), each of the agencies referred to in that subsection may exercise, for the purpose of en-18 forcing compliance with any requirement imposed under 19 20 this Act, any other authority conferred on it by law.

#### 21 SEC. 9. STATE ENFORCEMENT.

- 22 (a) In General.—
- 23 (1) CIVIL ACTIONS.—In any case in which the 24 attorney general of a State has reason to believe 25 that an interest of the residents of that State has

1	been or is threatened or adversely affected by the
2	engagement of any person in a practice that is pro-
3	hibited under this section, the State, as parens
4	patriae, may bring a civil action on behalf of the
5	residents of that State in a district court of the
6	United States of appropriate jurisdiction, or any
7	other court of competent jurisdiction—
8	(A) to enjoin that practice;
9	(B) to enforce compliance with this Act;
10	(C) to obtain damage, restitution, or other
11	compensation on behalf of residents of the
12	State; or
13	(D) to obtain such other relief as the court
14	may consider to be appropriate.
15	(2) Notice.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—Before filing an action
17	under paragraph (1), the attorney general of a
18	State shall provide to the Commission—
19	(i) written notice of the action; and
20	(ii) a copy of the complaint for the ac-
21	tion.
22	(B) Exemption.—
23	(i) In General.—Subparagraph (A)
24	shall not apply with respect to the filing of
25	an action by an attorney general of a State

1	under this subsection, if the attorney gen-
2	eral of a State determines that it is not
3	feasible to provide the notice described in
4	that subparagraph before the filing of the
5	action.
6	(ii) Notification.—In an action de-
7	scribed in clause (i), the attorney general
8	of a State shall provide notice and a copy
9	of the complaint to the Commission at the
10	same time as the attorney general files the
11	action.
12	(b) Intervention.—
13	(1) In general.—On receiving notice under
14	subsection (a)(2), the Commission shall have the
15	right to intervene in the action that is the subject
16	of the notice.
17	(2) Effect of intervention.—If the Com-
18	mission intervenes in an action under subsection (a),
19	it shall have the right—
20	(A) to be heard with respect to any matter
21	that arises in that action; and
22	(B) to file a petition for appeal.
23	(c) Construction.—For purposes of bringing any
24	civil action under subsection (a), nothing in this Act shall
25	be construed to prevent an attorney general of a State

1	from exercising the powers conferred on the attorney gen-
2	eral by the laws of that State—
3	(1) to conduct investigations;
4	(2) to administer oaths or affirmations; or
5	(3) to compel the attendance of witnesses or the
6	production of documentary and other evidence.
7	(d) Action by the Commission May Preclude
8	STATE ACTION.—In any case in which an action is insti-
9	tuted by or on behalf of the Commission for violation of
10	this Act, no State may, during the pendency of that action,
11	institute an action under subsection (a) against any de-
12	fendant named in the complaint in that action for violation
13	of that section.
14	(e) Venue; Service of Process.—
15	(1) Venue.—Any action brought under sub-
16	section (a) may be brought in the district court of
17	the United States that meets applicable require-
18	ments relating to venue under section 1391 of title
19	28, United States Code.
20	(2) Service of process.—In an action
21	brought under subsection (a), process may be served
22	in any district in which the defendant—
30	
23	(A) is an inhabitant; or

## 1 SEC. 10. OTHER ENFORCEMENT.

2	In the case of a violation of section 3(1)(B)(ii) that
3	causes a telecommunications carrier to incur costs for the
4	origination, transport, or termination of a call triggered
5	using the modem of a customer of such telecommuni-
6	cations carrier as a result of such violation, the tele-
7	communications carrier may bring a civil action against
8	the violator—
9	(1) to recover—
10	(A) the charges such carrier is obligated to
11	pay to another carrier or to an information
12	service provider as a result of the violation, in-
13	cluding but not limited to charges for the origi-
14	nation, transport, or termination of the call;
15	(B) the costs of handling customer inquir-
16	ies or complaints with respect to amounts billed
17	for such calls; and
18	(C) other related costs and reasonable at-
19	torneys fees; and
20	(2) to obtain an order to enjoin the violation.
21	SEC. 11. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
22	(a) Federal Law.—Nothing in this Act shall be
23	construed to limit or affect in any way the Commission's
24	authority to bring enforcement actions or take any other
25	measures under the Federal Trade Commission Act or any
26	other provision of law.

1	(b) Preemption of State or Local Law.—Ex-
2	cept as provided in subsection (c), this Act supersedes any
3	provision of a statute, regulation, or rule, and any require-
4	ment, prohibition, or remedy under the law of any State
5	or political subdivision thereof that relates to, or confers
6	a remedy for—
7	(1) the installation or use of software to deliver
8	advertisements to a protected computer;
9	(2) the installation or use of software to collect
10	information about a user of a protected computer or
11	the user's use of that computer;
12	(3) the installation or use of software to allow
13	a person other than an authorized user of the com-
14	puter to direct or control a protected computer; or
15	(4) the method or manner of uninstalling or
16	disabling software that performs any of the func-
17	tions described in paragraphs (1) through (3).
18	(c) STATE LAW NOT SPECIFIC TO SOFTWARE.—This
19	Act shall not be construed to preempt actions or remedies
20	based upon—
21	(1) a State's generally applicable common law;
22	or
23	(2) any provision of generally applicable State
24	consumer protection law.

## 1 SEC. 12. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act:
3	(1) Advertising window.—The term "adver-
4	tising window" means a window—
5	(A) that is displayed separately from other
6	windows displayed to the authorized user (at
7	the time a software program is activated) by
8	any other active program; and
9	(B) the content of which is entirely or in
10	substantial part related to advertising.
11	(2) Authorized user.—The term "authorized
12	user", when used with respect to a computer, means
13	the owner or lessee of a computer, or someone using
14	or accessing a computer with the authorization of
15	the owner or lessee.
16	(3) Bundle.—With respect to software, the
17	term "bundle" means a set of executable software
18	programs that are installed together.
19	(4) Cause the installation.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "cause the
21	installation" when used with respect to par-
22	ticular software, means (with knowledge or con-
23	scious avoidance of actual knowledge that soft-
24	ware performs a function described in section 3,
25	4 or 5)—

1	(i) knowingly to provide the technical
2	means by which the software is installed;
3	or
4	(ii) knowingly to pay or provide other
5	consideration to, or knowingly to induce or
6	authorize, another person to provide the
7	technical means by which the software is
8	installed.
9	(B) Exceptions.—The term "cause the
10	installation" does not include providing—
11	(i) the Internet connection, telephone
12	connection, or other transmission or rout-
13	ing function through which software was
14	delivered to a protected computer for in-
15	stallation;
16	(ii) the storage or hosting of software
17	or of an Internet website through which
18	the software was made available by a third
19	party for installation to the protected com-
20	puter; or
21	(iii) an information location tool, such
22	as a directory, index, reference, pointer, or
23	hypertext link, through which a user of a
24	protected computer located software avail-
25	able for installation.

1	(5) Commission.—The term "Commission"
2	means the Federal Trade Commission.
3	(6) Cookie.—The term "cookie" means a text
4	file—
5	(A) that is placed on a computer by, or on
6	behalf of, an Internet service provider, inter-
7	active computer service, or Internet website;
8	and
9	(B) the sole function of which is to record
10	information that can be read or recognized
11	when the user of the computer subsequently ac-
12	cesses particular websites or online locations or
13	services.
14	(7) Damage.—The term "damage" has the
15	meaning given that term in section 1030(e)(8) of
16	title 18, United States Code.
17	(8) Install.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "install"
19	means—
20	(i) to write computer software to a
21	computer's persistent storage medium,
22	such as the computer's hard disk, in such
23	a way that the computer software is re-
24	tained on the computer after the computer

1	is	turned	off	and	subsequently	restarted;
2	or					

- (ii) to write computer software to a computer's temporary memory, such as random access memory, in such a way that the software is retained and continues to operate after the user of the computer turns off or exits the Internet service, interactive computer service, or Internet website from which the computer software was obtained.
- (B) EXCEPTION FOR TEMPORARY CACHE.—The term "install" does not include the writing of software to an area of the persistent storage medium that is expressly reserved for the temporary retention of recently accessed or input data or information, if the software retained in that area remains inoperative unless a user of the computer chooses to access that temporary retention area.
- 21 (9) Loss.—The term "loss" has the meaning given 22 that term in section 1030(e)(11) of title 18, United States 23 Code.

1	(10) Person.—The term "person" has the
2	meaning given that term in section 3(32) of the
3	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(32)).
4	(11) PROTECTED COMPUTER.—The term "pro-
5	tected computer" has the meaning given that term
6	in section 1030(e)(2)(B) of title 18, United States
7	Code.
8	(12) Personally identifying informa-
9	TION.—The term "personally identifying informa-
10	tion" means, with respect to a protected computer—
11	(A) the authorized user's last name, com-
12	bined with the user's first initial or first name;
13	(B) the authorized user's home address;
14	(C) the authorized user's telephone num-
15	ber; or
16	(D) or other information that is sufficient
17	to identify an authorized user by name.
18	(13) Sensitive personal information.—
19	The term "sensitive personal information" means an
20	individual's name, address, or telephone number,
21	when combined with that individual's—
22	(A) Social Security number, taxpayer iden-
23	tification number, or an employer identification
24	number that is the same as or is derived from
25	the Social Security number;

1	(B) financial account number, or credit
2	card or debit card number, combined with any
3	required security code, access code, or password
4	that would permit access to such individual's
5	account; or
6	(C) driver's license identification number
7	or State resident identification number.
8	(14) Software.—The term "software" means
9	any program designed to cause a computer to per-
10	form a function or functions, but does not include a
11	cookie.
12	(15) Unfair or deceptive act or prac-
13	TICE.—The term "unfair or deceptive act or prac-
14	tice" has the same meaning as when used in section
15	5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
16	45).
17	SEC. 13. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN UNAUTHOR-
18	IZED ACTIVITIES RELATING TO COMPUTERS.
19	(a) In General.—Chapter 47 of title 18, United
20	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1030
21	the following:
22	"§ 1030A. Illicit indirect use of protected computers
23	"(a) Furtherance of Criminal Offense.—Who-
24	ever intentionally accesses a protected computer without
25	authorization, or exceeds authorized access to a protected

- 1 computer, by causing a computer program or code to be
- 2 copied onto the protected computer, and intentionally uses
- 3 that program or code in furtherance of another Federal
- 4 criminal offense shall be fined under this title or impris-
- 5 oned not more than 5 years, or both.
- 6 "(b) Security Protection.—Whoever intentionally
- 7 accesses a protected computer without authorization, or
- 8 exceeds authorized access to a protected computer, by
- 9 causing a computer program or code to be copied onto
- 10 the protected computer, and by means of that program
- 11 or code intentionally impairs the security protection of the
- 12 protected computer shall be fined under this title or im-
- 13 prisoned not more than 2 years, or both.
- 14 "(c) Individual Exemption.—A person shall not
- 15 violate this section who solely provides—
- 16 "(1) an Internet connection, telephone connec-
- tion, or other transmission or routing function
- through which software is delivered to a protected
- 19 computer for installation;
- 20 "(2) the storage or hosting of software, or of an
- 21 Internet website, through which software is made
- available for installation to a protected computer; or
- 23 "(3) an information location tool, such as a di-
- 24 rectory, index, reference, pointer, or hypertext link,

- 1 through which a user of a protected computer lo-
- 2 cates software available for installation.
- 3 "(d) Network Exemption.—A provider of a net-
- 4 work or online service that an authorized user of a pro-
- 5 tected computer uses or subscribes to shall not violate this
- 6 section by any monitoring or, interaction with, or installa-
- 7 tion of software for the purpose of—
- 8 "(1) protecting the security of the network,
- 9 service, or computer;
- 10 "(2) facilitating diagnostics, technical support,
- maintenance, network management, or repair; or
- "(3) preventing or detecting unauthorized,
- fraudulent, or otherwise unlawful uses of the net-
- work or service.
- 15 "(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- 16 "(1) COMPUTER; PROTECTED COMPUTER.—The
- terms 'computer' and 'protected computer' have the
- meanings given such terms in section 1030(e) of this
- title.
- 20 "(2) STATE.—The term 'State' includes each of
- 21 the several States, the District of Columbia, Puerto
- Rico, and any other territory or possession of the
- United States.".
- 24 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
- 25 tions at the beginning of chapter 47 of title 18, United

- 1 States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-
- 2 ing to section 1030 the following new item:

"1030A. Illicit indirect use of protected computers.".

- 3 SEC. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 4 This Act shall take effect 180 days after the date of
- 5 enactment of this Act.

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